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no less than 30 days after the transmission of the original message;

- (v) Clear and conspicuous display of a valid physical postal address of the sender; and
- (vi) Any needed instructions on how to access, or activate a mechanism to access, the sexually oriented material, preceded by a clear and conspicuous statement that to avoid viewing the sexually oriented material, a recipient should delete the email message without following such instructions.
- (b) Prior affirmative consent. Paragraph (a) does not apply to the transmission of an electronic mail message if the recipient has given prior affirmative consent to receipt of the message.

§ 316.5 Prohibition on charging a fee or imposing other requirements on recipients who wish to opt out.

Neither a sender nor any person acting on behalf of a sender may require that any recipient pay any fee, provide any information other than the recipient's electronic mail address and optout preferences, or take any other steps except sending a reply electronic mail message or visiting a single Internet Web page, in order to:

- (a) Use a return electronic mail address or other Internet-based mechanism, required by 15 U.S.C. 7704(a)(3), to submit a request not to receive future commercial electronic mail messages from a sender; or
- (b) Have such a request honored as required by 15 U.S.C. 7704(a)(3)(B) and (a)(4).

§316.6 Severability.

The provisions of this Part are separate and severable from one another. If any provision is stayed or determined to be invalid, it is the Commission's intention that the remaining provisions shall continue in effect.

PART 317—PROHIBITION OF EN-ERGY MARKET MANIPULATION RULE

Sec.

317.1 Scope.

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AUTHORITY: 42 U.S.C. 17301-17305; 15 U.S.C. 41-58

SOURCE: 74 FR 40701, Aug. 12, 2009, unless otherwise noted.

§317.1 Scope.

This part implements Subtitle B of Title VIII of The Energy Independence and Security Act of 2007 ("EISA"), Pub. L. 110-140, 121 Stat. 1723 (December 19, 2007), codified at 42 U.S.C. 17301-17305. This Rule applies to any person over which the Federal Trade Commission has jurisdiction under the Federal Trade Commission Act, 15 U.S.C. 41 et seq.

§ 317.2 Definitions.

The following definitions shall apply throughout this Rule:

- (a) *Crude oil* means any mixture of hydrocarbons that exists:
- (1) In liquid phase in natural underground reservoirs and that remains liquid at atmospheric pressure after passing through separating facilities; or
- (2) As shale oil or tar sands requiring further processing for sale as a refinery feedstock
 - (b) Gasoline means:
- (1) Finished gasoline, including, but not limited to, conventional, reformulated, and oxygenated blends; and
- (2) Conventional and reformulated gasoline blendstock for oxygenate blending.
- (c) Knowingly means that the person knew or must have known that his or her conduct was fraudulent or deceptive.
- (d) *Person* means any individual, group, unincorporated association, limited or general partnership, corporation, or other business entity.
 - (e) Petroleum distillates means:
- (1) Jet fuels, including, but not limited to, all commercial and military specification jet fuels; and
- (2) Diesel fuels and fuel oils, including, but not limited to, No. 1, No. 2, and No. 4 diesel fuel, and No. 1, No. 2, and No. 4 fuel oil.
 - (f) Wholesale means:
- (1) All purchases or sales of crude oil or jet fuel; and
- (2) All purchases or sales of gasoline or petroleum distillates (other than jet fuel) at the terminal rack or upstream of the terminal rack level.